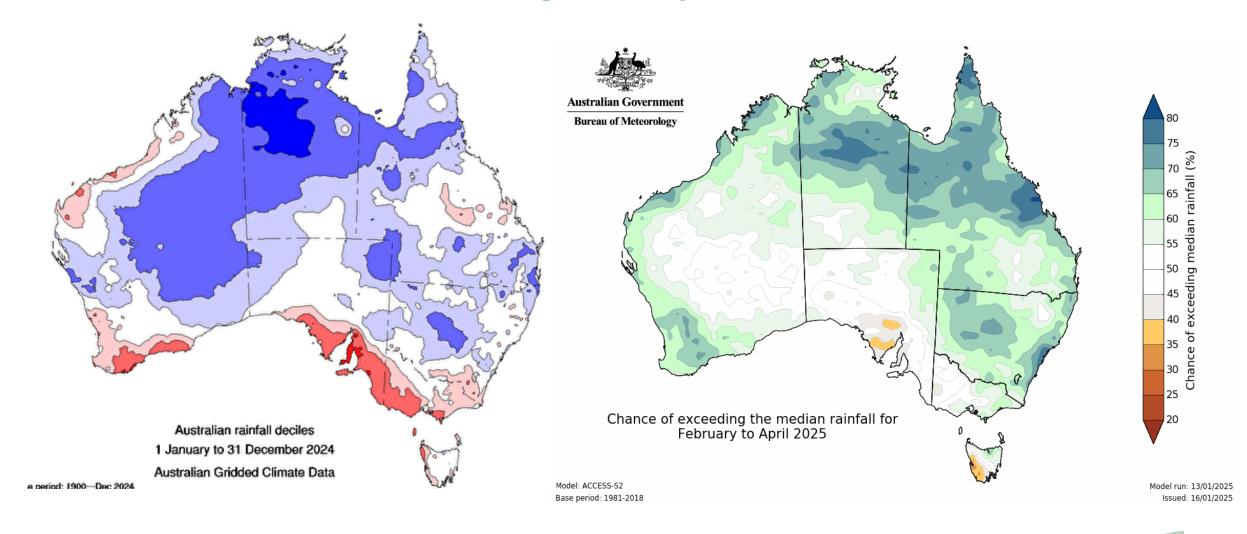




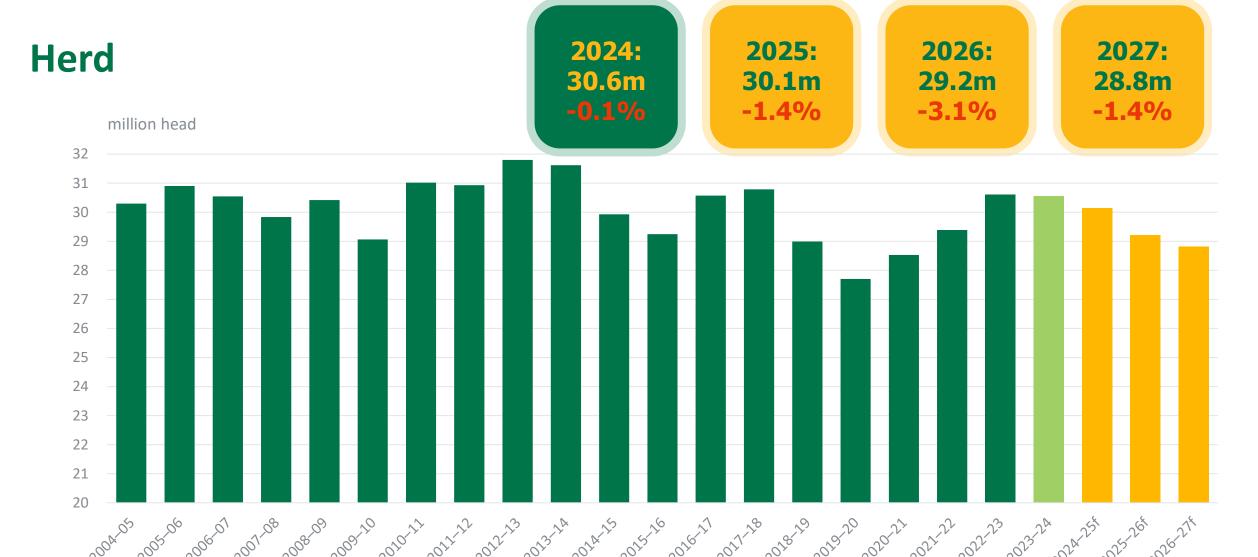


1. Cattle forecasts

Weather - What is like regionally







Source: ABS, MLA estimate



Slaughter

2024: 8.3m 18.3%

2025: 8.5m 2.8% 2026: 8.1m -4.7% 2027: 7.9m -3.5%





Production and carcase weights



Source: ABS, MLA forecasts

EMBARGOED UNTIL 10am MONDAY 10 MARCH

Production Carcase weights

2024: 2.6m 16.4m 2024: 310kg

2025: 2.62m 2.0% 2025: 307kg -2.4kg

2026: 2.52m -3.9% 2026: 310kg 2.4kg

2027: 2.50m -0.9% 2027: 318kg 8.4kg



Imported beef is more often consumed at home where country of origin is more relevant than when eating out of home



Beef purchase decision factors



In-Home consumption

Beef is the top-of-mind imported red meat, and kids have a strong influence on the decision.

Beef is consumed 1 -2 times a week at home.







 Weekends/gatherings: Diverse and elaborate dishes. E.g. hot pot, BBQ, beef salad



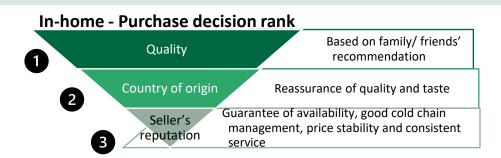


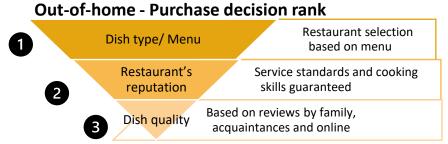
Out-of-Home consumption

After seafood, imported beef is the 2nd choice when eating out. Primarily influenced by childrens' tastes then husband's preferences.

Frequency: 1 -2 times per month

Types of dishes frequently consumed out of the home: Hotpot, steak, BBQ, Buffet







<u>Trust</u> is strongly connected to <u>quality</u> based on <u>origin</u> and the <u>seller's</u> reputation

Consumers judge red meat quality using:

- Freshness cues such as meat colour and odour
- Clear information about country of origin
- Good eating experience with tenderness, sweetness and aroma





Quality is directly connected to the correct nutrition needed for a healthy body

TRUST is built on perceptions of quality:

- **1 Emotional**: feels safe, worry-free
- Practical: Reputable sellers who have their own high standards for selecting beef (safe meat, optimal management of expiration dates and cold chain)
- Interest in paying a premium: to ensure quality beef from standardised processes and selection procedures.

Consumer ranking on trust by country of origin:

- Japanese products (e.g. home appliances, cars, cosmetics) well-known for making the best, including beef
- 2 Perception of Australian safety, cleanliness and naturalness resulting in high quality products.
- Perceived as less natural (industrial) due to the heavy application of science and technology
- Inconsistent product quality due to lack of large-scale production



Consumer trust is connected to origins and seller's reputation

Australian beef is perceived to be premium, high quality meat produced naturally, on pasture without force-feeding; Japanese beef (which is only Wagyu) is the most premium and trusted

Source	Information Received	Recalled Information	Credibility
Word of mouth	Past experience from friends and relatives	 Pros and cons based on personal experience. Recommendation on where to buy and product origins 	Most reliable
Seller	Product details such as origin, meat type, pricing and promotions	 Consult on information about country of origin, types of meat suitable for particular dishes Product images 	Medium credibility
Promoters	Country of origin, quality, flavour, product experience Promotions	Origin	First product impression
Social media	Ads from suppliers and vendors. User reviews.	Restaurants to eat, cooking recipes and meat review posts	Just for reference or to foster trial

Information on packaging (for in-home use) and details about the restaurant or its menu (for dining out) are the two most fundamental sources when researching country of origin.

Certain countries are known for specific beef cuts and preparation methods:



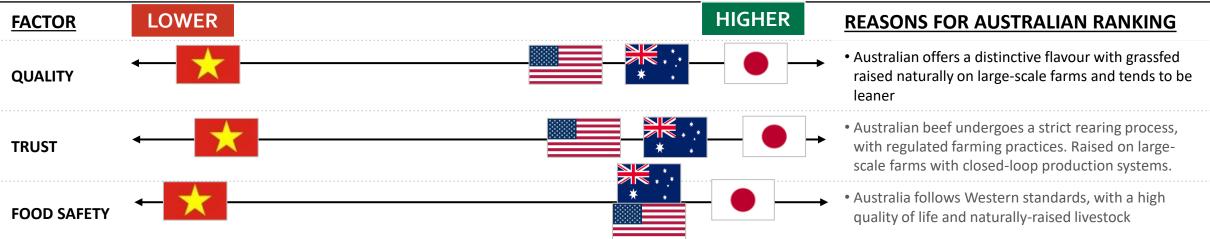
Famous for marbling and tenderness



Often used for steak (tenderloin, ribeye)



Renowned for brisket (used in hotpot, grilling)



Consumers gather product information from social media and point of sale. A video to explain Australia's traceability system could engage consumers and optimise sharing to increase awareness, impacting the purchase decision.

Purpose

 Inform consumers about product traceability, featuring the journey from the birth of cattle on-farm, up to distribution in Vietnam, highlighting the value to consumers (e.g. food safety benefits)

Format

- In-store: Explanation by staff, leaflets, TV clips
- Online: Short, easily-digestible video

Channels

- Point-of-sale media (butcher shops, supermarkets; link to at-shelf or on-pack QR codes)
- Social media













Aussie beef and lamb labelling has a positive impact on purchase choice







- Comprehension It is easy to comprehend, and positive associations
 - The colours connect to the nature of Australia green for tree/ grass, blue for ocean, yellow and red for the sunshine and sunset
 - Only some consumers recognise the shape of Australia
 - This can connote a high living standard for the cow with pure/ clean environment, airy living space (so a less stressful cow), which results in higher quality beef
 - Note: the clear expiration date and QR code for traceability is also appreciated – new and shows transparency
- Impact on decision making Aussie Beef & Lamb Labelling is thought to have a positive impact on purchase choice, as it seems a more reliable product than other offerings
 - QR code on each piece of meat i.e. frozen right after slaughter in Australia, can help to prevent infection (helps them understand the process)

"Logo này đẹp quá, nhìn như bức tranh nghệ thuật vậy. Em cảm thấy như đang ngắm nhìn hoàng hôn trên thảo nguyên." / "This logo is so beautiful. It looks like a painting. I feel like watching the sunset on the prairie." (Younger, HCMC)

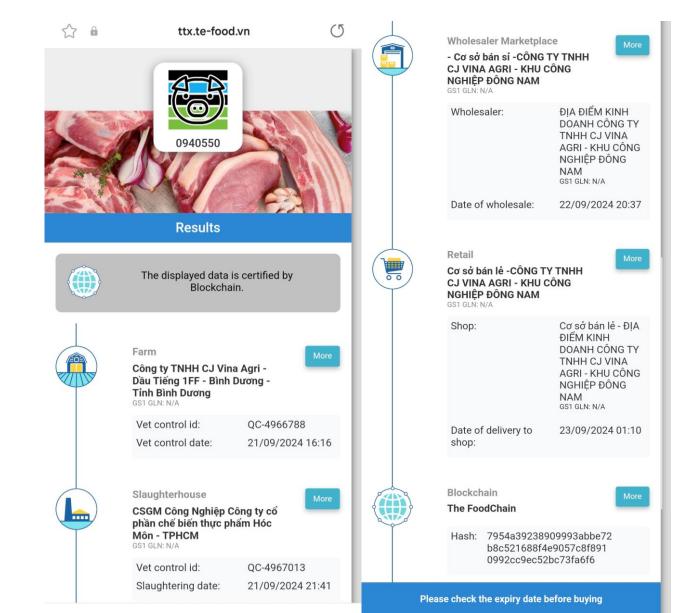
"Nhìn QR code này là tò mò giơ điện thoại ra quét liền á. Nó kích thích mình mua dùng thử vì đáng tin cậy hơn. Có thể mắc hơn 10% cũng ok." / "Looking at this QR code, I will be curious and take out my phone to scan. It stimulates me to buy because it is more reliable. It's still ok if I have to pay 10% more." (Older, HCMC)



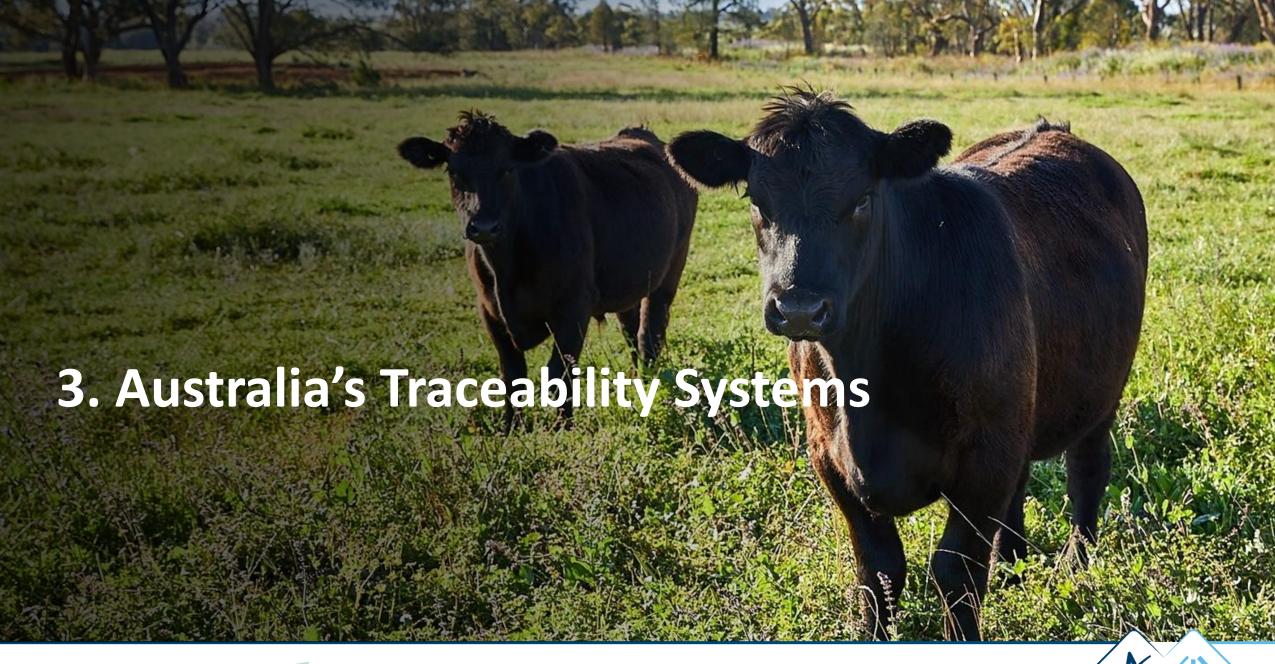




Some examples of traceability branding that exist in Vietnam – are they working?













Australia's red meat integrity system

✓ Increases market access

✓ Meets customer expectations

NLIS

LPA

eNVD

✓ Provides safe red meat



TRACEABILITY



BIOSECURITY



ANIMAL WELFARE



FOOD SAFETY

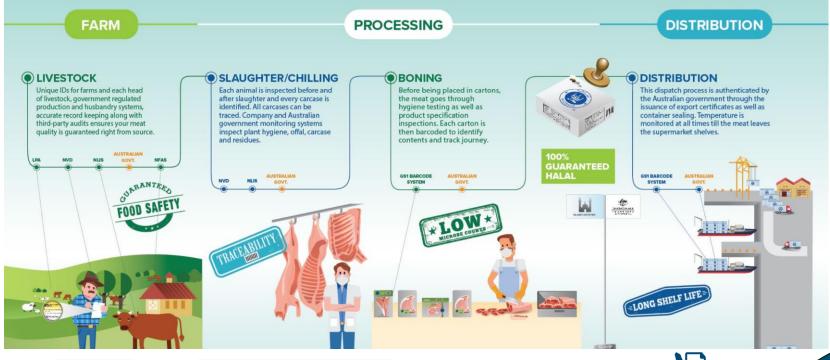




Consumers appreciate an integrity system which helps them to consume safe beef with clear origins and transparent traceability

Traceability is a new concept to Vietnamese consumers but would encourage consideration and purchase intention

for most



Consumers feel fully traceable red meat products offer:

- ✓ Differentiation
- ✓ Credibility
- ✓ Safety assurance
- ✓ Trigger purchase intent
- **★**Concern about extra cost





All livestock are identified by an ear tag





The LPA NVD captures food safety information on every animal, every time it moves from property to property, to processors or saleyards



Every movement is recorded in a central database



Ensuring both safety and quality for Australian red meat "Chỉ những quốc gia uy tín mới có thể thực hiện được hệ thống này. Nó càng tăng thêm độ tin cậy cho người dùng. Em tò mò muốn dùng thử ghê."/
"Only reputable countries can operate this system. It further increases consumers' perception of reliability. I am curious and want to buy it."

(Younger, HCMC)





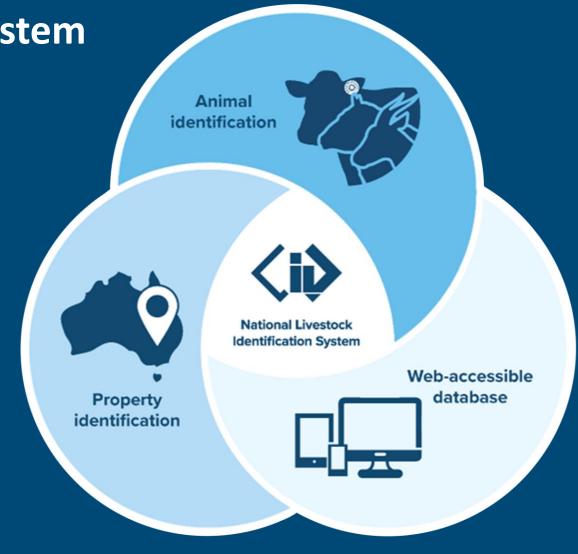
National Livestock Identification System (NLIS)

NLIS combines three elements to enable the lifetime traceability of animals:

- All physical locations are identified by a Property Identification Code (PIC)
- All livestock are identified by a species-specific NLIS ear tag/device
- All livestock location data and movements recorded in the NLIS database



National Livestock Identification System







NLIS – what it means on-farm

NLIS combines three elements to enable the lifetime traceability of animals



1. All livestock are identified by a NLIS eartag



2. All physical locations are identified by a property identification code (PIC)



3. All livestock location data and movements are recorded in a central database





Animal identification - traceability

- All animals leaving a property must be identified with an NLIS accredited tag or device before moving
- Once tagged, the tag should remain with the animal for life – do not remove
- Cattle must be tagged with an electronic (RFID/eID)
 device these devices can be assigned statuses, just
 like PICs
- Sheep and goats must be tagged with an NLIS accredited ear tag or device – either eID or visual



Breeder tags are used for animals born on your PIC – white for cattle, year of birth colour for sheep and goats. Post breeder tags are applied to animals when they are no longer on their PIC of birth –orange for cattle and pink for sheep and goats.

































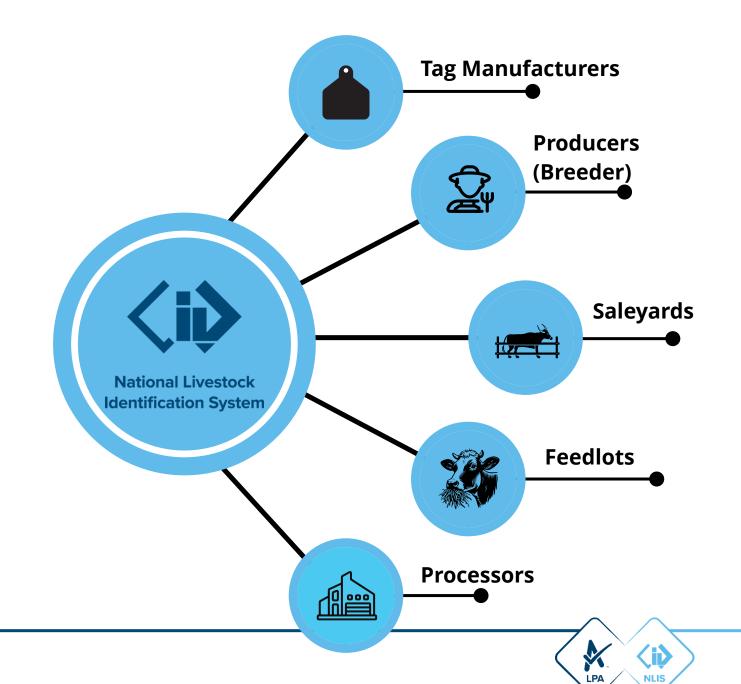


NLIS Database

The NLIS database accommodates:

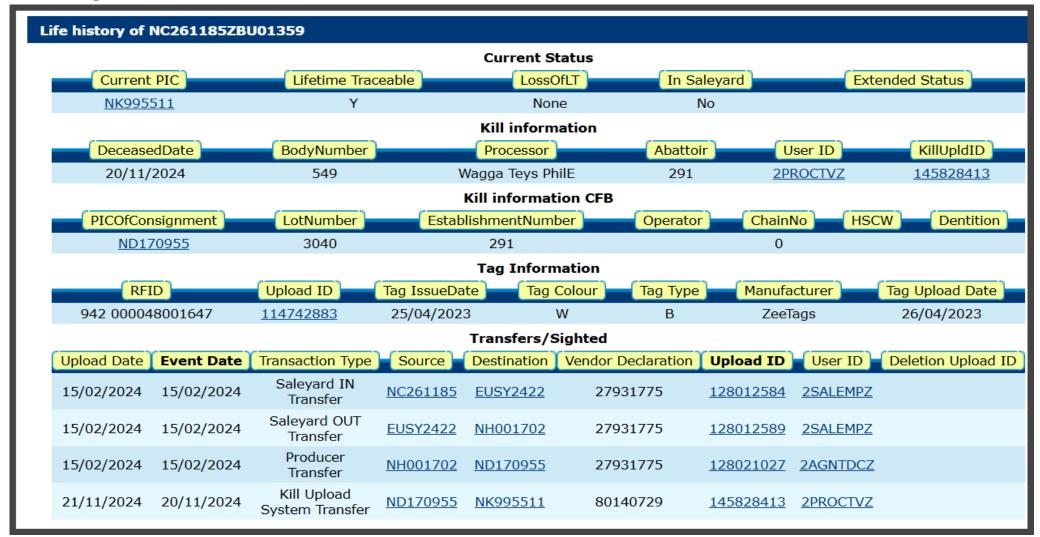
- 200,000 farms
- 300 million devices
- 150,000 account holders
- 8000 interactions per day
- Average of 100,000 cattle movements recorded daily
- 99% of transactions are processed in under 5 minutes

Receiver does the transfer



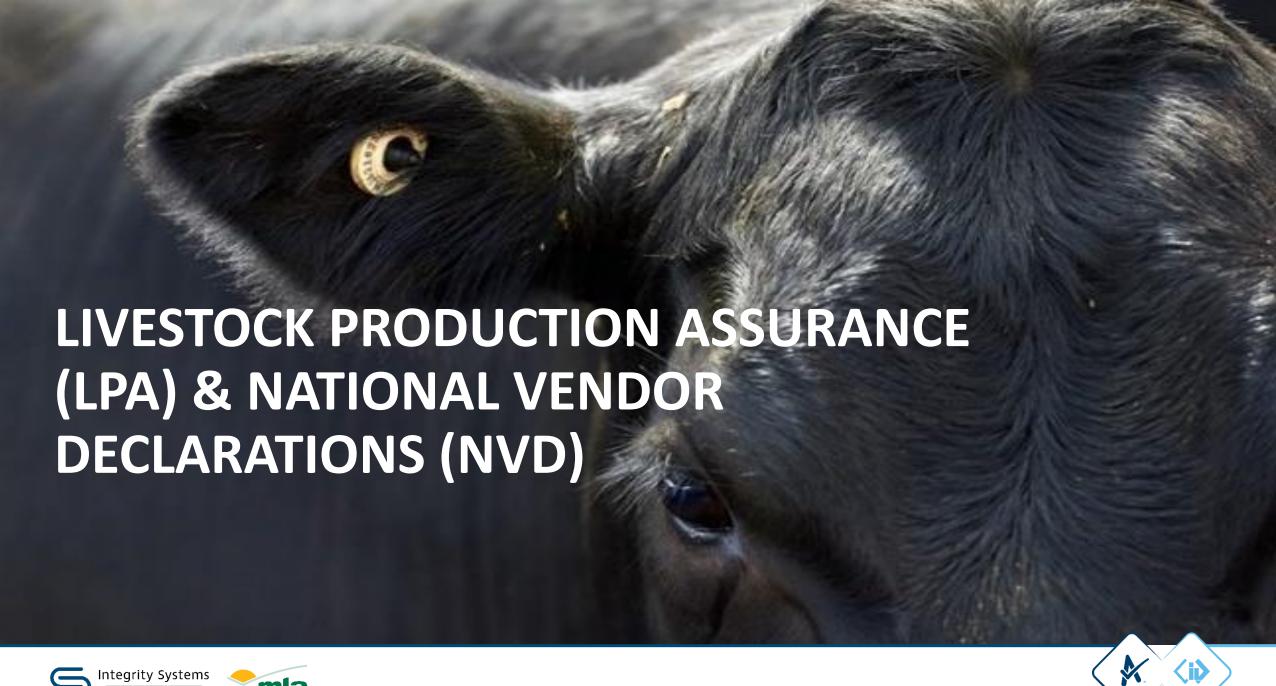


History of an animal















Livestock Production Assurance



The LPA program is the on-farm assurance program that underpins market access for Australian red meat.

LPA National Vendor Declarations (NVDs) provide evidence of livestock history and onfarm practices when transferring livestock through the value chain.

- 170,000 accredited PICs
- LPA-reaccreditation occurs every 2 years
- Online learning modules provided based on 7 requirements
- **Animal Welfare Certificate**
- 3500 audits annually







LPA ... what it means on-farm

LPA accredited producers commit to carry out on-farm practices that support the integrity of the entire system. This is verified when producers sign LPA NVDs for livestock movements:



















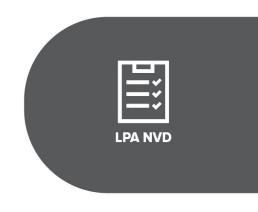




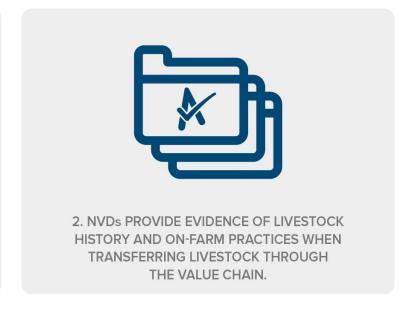


LPA NVD ... what it means on-farm

LPA NVDs bring together all on-farm assurance, identification and traceability details - the basis for ensuring a safe and traceable food product.













Thank you Any questions?

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